

**AFFORDABLE ENERGY.**

**STRONG ECONOMY.**

**ENERGY SECURITY.**

Montana has more than big skies — it is also a key domestic supplier of energy. Energy development in the state keeps energy prices low, supports thousands of jobs, and contributes billions of dollars to the state economy.

## ⚡ ENERGY PRODUCTION AND USE IN MONTANA



The number of natural gas producing wells has increased **MORE THAN 50%** since 2020



**HALF OF MONTANA HOUSEHOLDS**

rely on natural gas as their primary home heating fuel



Montana residential gas prices were **33% BELOW** the U.S. average in 2019

## 💰 SUPPORTING THE STATE ECONOMY



Oil and natural gas development contributes **\$6.4 BILLION** in economic benefits to the state economy

In 2019, oil and natural gas development in Montana accounted for



**NEARLY \$30 MILLION**

in revenues disbursed by the federal government back to the state



Natural gas supports approximately **11,500 JOBS** in the state



Montana has received **MORE THAN \$646 MILLION** in conservation funding from oil and natural gas development since 1965

## →|← IMPACTS OF A FEDERAL LEASING BAN

Approximately 30% of Montana is federal land. With so much of the state's energy production occurring on federal lands, a federal leasing ban would be devastating to Montana's economy:<sup>1</sup>

**IN 2025**

Montana would lose



**\$190 million** in GDP  
**\$93 million** in tax revenue  
**1,100 jobs**

**IN 2030**

Montana would lose



**\$320 million** in GDP  
**\$146 million** in tax revenue  
**Nearly 1,800 jobs**

**IN 2040**

Montana would lose



**\$462 million** in GDP  
**\$203 million** in tax revenue  
**More than 2,500 jobs**

<sup>1</sup> An economic impact analysis of recent onshore and offshore development on federal lands was conducted on behalf of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce's Global Energy Institute with underlying studies prepared for the State of Wyoming and National Ocean Industries Association on the topic.